

HB0223S01 compared with HB0223

{Omitted text} shows text that was in HB0223 but was omitted in HB0223S01
inserted text shows text that was not in HB0223 but was inserted into HB0223S01

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3 **LONG TITLE**

4 **General Description:**

5 This bill amends the electronic signature gathering and verification process.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

7 This bill:

8 ▶ defines a term;

9 ▶ requires the device used to electronically gather signatures for an initiative petition, a referendum petition, or a candidate nomination petition to be capable of scanning and extracting certain data from a driver license, state identification card, or another form of valid voter identification;

13 ▶ beginning on January 1, 2028, requires the device described above to be capable of operating in an offline environment;

15 ▶ beginning on January 1, 2030:

16 • requires the sponsors of an initiative or referendum petition, or an individual who circulates a candidate nomination petition, to gather signatures using the electronic signature gathering process; and

19 • prohibits a person described above from gathering signatures manually;

20 ▶

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clarifies electronic signature-gathering security requirements by distinguishing between baseline device security configuration standards and ongoing cyber-security procedures governing system operation, monitoring, and maintenance, as established by the lieutenant governor;

24 ▶ requires the lieutenant governor to submit an annual report to the Government Operations Interim Committee, beginning no later than October 1, 2026, and continuing no later than October 1 of each year through 2029;

20 ▶ adds a repeal date for sections related to manual signature gathering; {and}

28 ▶ includes a coordination clause to standardize a defined term in this bill with the same term in H.B. 32, Signature Gathering and Verification Amendments; and

21 ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

31 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

32 None

33 Other Special Clauses:

34 This bill provides a coordination clause.

35 Utah Code Sections Affected:

36 AMENDS:

37 **20A-7-304.5** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 107

38 **20A-7-502.7** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 448

39 **20A-7-602.7** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 448

40 **20A-7-602.8** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, First Special Session, Chapter 16

41 **20A-7-604.5** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 107

42 **20A-21-101** , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 325

43 **20A-21-201** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapters 381, 448

44 **63I-1-220** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5

45 ENACTS:

46 **20A-21-202** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

47 Utah Code Sections affected by Coordination Clause:

48 **20A-21-201 (05/06/26)** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapters 381, 448

50 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

51 Section 1. Section **20A-7-304.5** is amended to read:

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52 **20A-7-304.5. Posting referendum information.**

42 (1) On the day on which the lieutenant governor complies with Subsection 20A-7-304(3), or provides
43 the sponsors with access to the [website] system defined in Section 20A-21-101, the lieutenant
44 governor shall post the following information together in a conspicuous place on the lieutenant
45 governor's website:
46 (a) the referendum petition;
47 (b) a copy of the law that is the subject of the referendum petition; and
48 (c) information describing how an individual may remove the individual's signature from the
49 referendum petition.
50 (2) The lieutenant governor shall:
51 (a) promptly update the information described in Subsection (1) if the information changes; and
52 (b) maintain the information described in Subsection (1) on the lieutenant governor's website until the
53 referendum fails to qualify for the ballot or is passed or defeated at an election.

67 Section 2. Section **20A-7-502.7** is amended to read:

68 **20A-7-502.7. Referability to voters.**

58 (1) Within 20 calendar days after the day on which an eligible voter files an initiative application under
59 Section 20A-7-502, counsel for the county, city, or town to which the initiative pertains shall:
60 (a) review the proposed law that is the subject of the initiative application to determine whether the law
61 is legally referable to voters; and
62 (b) notify the first three sponsors, in writing, whether the proposed law is:
63 (i) legally referable to voters; or
64 (ii) rejected as not legally referable to voters.
65 (2) A proposed law that is the subject of an initiative application is legally referable to voters unless:
66 (a) the proposed law:
67 (i) is patently unconstitutional;
68 (ii) is nonsensical;
69 (iii) is administrative, rather than legislative, in nature;
70 (iv) could not become law if passed; [or]
71 (v) contains more than one subject as evaluated in accordance with Subsection 20A-7-502(3); or
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[{b}] (vi) is identical or substantially similar to a legally referable proposed law sought by an initiative application submitted to the local clerk, under Section 20A-7-502, within two years before the day on which the initiative application for the current proposed law is filed;

79 [{e}] (b) the subject of the proposed law is not clearly expressed in the law's title; or

80 [{d}] (c) the initiative application was not timely filed or does not comply with the requirements of this part.

82 (3) After the end of the 20-calendar-day period described in Subsection (1), a county, city, or town may not:

84 (a) reject a proposed initiative as not legally referable to voters; or

85 (b) bring a legal action, other than to appeal a court decision, challenging a proposed initiative on the grounds that the proposed initiative is not legally referable to voters.

87 (4) If a county, city, or town rejects a proposed initiative, a sponsor of the proposed initiative may, within 10 days after the day on which a sponsor is notified under Subsection (1)(b), appeal the decision to:

90 (a) a district court; or

91 (b) the Supreme Court, if the Supreme Court has original jurisdiction over the appeal.

92 (5) If, on appeal, the court determines that the law proposed by the initiative application is legally referable to voters, the local clerk shall comply with Subsection 20A-7-504(3), or give the sponsors access to the [website] system defined in Section 20A-21-101, within five calendar days after the day on which the determination, and any appeal of the determination, is final.

108 Section 3. Section **20A-7-602.7** is amended to read:

20A-7-602.7. Referability to voters of local law other than land use law.

99 (1) Within 20 calendar days after the day on which an eligible voter files a referendum application under Section 20A-7-602 for a local law other than a land use law, counsel for the county, city, or town to which the referendum pertains shall:

102 (a) review the referendum application to determine whether the proposed referendum is legally referable to voters; and

104 (b) notify the first three sponsors, in writing, whether the proposed referendum is:

105 (i) legally referable to voters; or

106 (ii) rejected as not legally referable to voters.

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(2) For a local law other than a land use law, a proposed referendum is legally referable to voters unless:

109 (a) the proposed referendum challenges an action that is administrative, rather than legislative, in nature;

111 (b) the proposed referendum challenges more than one law passed by the local legislative body; or

113 (c) the referendum application was not timely filed or does not comply with the requirements of this part.

115 (3) After the end of the 20-calendar-day period described in Subsection (1), a county, city, or town may not, for a local law other than a land use law:

117 (a) reject a proposed referendum as not legally referable to voters; or

118 (b) except as provided in Subsection (4), challenge, in a legal action or otherwise, a proposed referendum on the grounds that the proposed referendum is not legally referable to voters.

121 (4)

125 (a) If, under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), a county, city, or town rejects a proposed referendum concerning a local law other than a land use law, a sponsor of the proposed referendum may, within 10 days after the day on which a sponsor is notified under Subsection (1)(b), challenge or appeal the decision to:

126 (i) the Supreme Court, by means of an extraordinary writ, if possible; or

126 (ii) a district court, if the sponsor is prohibited from pursuing an extraordinary writ under Subsection (4)(a)(i).

128 (b) Failure of a sponsor to timely challenge or appeal a rejection under Subsection (4)(a) terminates the referendum.

130 (5) If, on a challenge or appeal, the court determines that the proposed referendum described in Subsection (4) is legally referable to voters, the local clerk shall comply with Subsection 20A-7-604(3), or give the sponsors access to the [website] system defined in Section 20A-21-101, within five calendar days after the day on which the determination, and any challenge or appeal of the determination, is final.

146 Section 4. Section **20A-7-602.8** is amended to read:

147 **20A-7-602.8. Referability to voters of local land use law.**

137 (1) Within 20 calendar days after the day on which a referendum eligible voter files an application under Section 20A-7-602 for a land use law, counsel for the county, city, or town to which the referendum pertains shall:

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140 (a) review the referendum application to determine whether the proposed referendum is legally
referable to voters; and

142 (b) notify the first three sponsors, in writing, whether the proposed referendum is:
143 (i) legally referable to voters; or
144 (ii) rejected as not legally referable to voters.

145 (2)

146 (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), for a land use law, a proposed referendum is legally referable to voters
unless:
147 (i) the proposed referendum challenges an action that is administrative, rather than legislative, in
nature;
148 (ii) the proposed referendum challenges a land use decision, rather than a land use regulation, as
those terms are defined in Section 10-20-102 or 17-79-102;
149 (iii) the proposed referendum challenges more than one law passed by the local legislative body; or
150 (iv) the referendum application was not timely filed or does not comply with the requirements of
this part.

151 (b) In addition to the limitations of Subsection (2)(a), a proposed referendum is not legally referable to
voters for a:
152 (i) municipal land use law, as defined in Section 20A-7-101, if the land use law was passed by a
unanimous vote of the local legislative body; or
153 (ii) transit area land use law, as defined in Section 20A-7-601, if the transit area land use law was
passed by a two-thirds vote of the local legislative body.

154 (3) After the end of the 20-calendar-day period described in Subsection (1), a county, city, or town may
not, for a land use law:
155 (a) reject a proposed referendum as not legally referable to voters; or
156 (b) except as provided in Subsection (4), challenge, in a legal action or otherwise, a proposed
referendum on the grounds that the proposed referendum is not legally referable to voters.

157 (4)

158 (a) If a county, city, or town rejects a proposed referendum concerning a land use law, a sponsor of the
proposed referendum may, within seven days after the day on which a sponsor is notified under
Subsection (1)(b), challenge or appeal the decision to:
159 (i) the Supreme Court, by means of an extraordinary writ, if possible; or

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172 (ii) a district court, if the sponsor is prohibited from pursuing an extraordinary writ under
Subsection (4)(a)(i).

174 (b) Failure of a sponsor to timely challenge or appeal a rejection under Subsection (4)(a) terminates the
referendum.

176 (5) If, on challenge or appeal, the court determines that the proposed referendum is legally referable to
voters, the local clerk shall comply with Subsection 20A-7-604(3), or give the sponsors access to the
[website] system defined in Section 20A-21-101, within five calendar days after the day on which
the determination, and any challenge or appeal of the determination, is final.

192 Section 5. Section **20A-7-604.5** is amended to read:

193 **20A-7-604.5. Posting referendum information.**

183 (1) On the day on which the local clerk complies with Subsection 20A-7-604(3), or gives the sponsors
access to the [website] system defined in Section 20A-21-101, the local clerk shall post the
following information together in a conspicuous place on the local clerk's website:

187 (a) the referendum petition;

188 (b) a copy of the law that is the subject of the referendum petition; and

189 (c) information describing how an individual may remove the individual's signature from the
referendum petition.

191 (2) The local clerk shall:

192 (a) promptly update the information described in Subsection (1) if the information changes; and

194 (b) maintain the information described in Subsection (1) on the local clerk's website until the
referendum fails to qualify for the ballot or is passed or defeated at an election.

208 Section 6. Section **20A-21-101** is amended to read:

209 **20A-21-101. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

200 (1) "Approved device" means a device described in Subsection 20A-21-201(4).

201 (2) "Candidate qualification process" means the process, described in Section 20A-9-403 or 20A-9-408,
of gathering signatures to seek the nomination of a registered political party.

203 (3) "Electronic candidate qualification process" means the same as that term is defined in Section
20A-9-101.

205 (4) "Electronic initiative process" means the same as that term is defined in Section 20A-7-101.

207 (5) "Electronic referendum process" means the same as that term is defined in Section 20A-7-101.

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209 (6) "Manual candidate qualification process" means the same as that term is defined in Section
20A-9-101.

211 (7) "Petition" means:

212 (a) as it relates to the electronic initiative process or the electronic referendum process, the electronic
record that an individual signs to indicate the individual is in favor of placing the initiative or
referendum on the ballot; or

215 (b) as it relates to electronic candidate qualification process, the electronic record that an individual
signs to indicate the individual is in favor of placing an individual's name on the ballot to run for a
particular elective office.

218 (8) "Signature" means:

219 (a) as it relates to a signature gathered for an initiative or referendum, the same as that term is defined in
Section 20A-7-101; or

221 (b) as it relates to a signature gathered for the candidate qualification process, the same as that term is
defined in Section 20A-9-101.

223 (9) ["Website"] "System" means:

224 (a) as it relates to the electronic initiative process or the electronic referendum process, the
[website] web-based or application-based interface designated by the lieutenant governor for
collecting the signatures and other information relating to the electronic initiative process or the
electronic referendum process; or

228 (b) as it relates to the electronic candidate qualification process, [a website] the web-based or
application-based interface designated by the lieutenant governor for collecting the signatures and
other information relating to the electronic candidate qualification process.

244 Section 7. Section **20A-21-201** is amended to read:

245 **20A-21-201. Electronic signature gathering for an initiative, a referendum, or candidate
qualification.**

235 (1) After filing a petition for a statewide initiative or a statewide referendum, and before gathering
signatures, the sponsors shall, after consulting with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, sign a
form provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor indicating whether the sponsors will gather
signatures manually, electronically, or both.

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(2) After filing a petition for a local initiative or a local referendum, and before gathering signatures, the sponsors shall, after consulting with the local clerk's office, sign a form provided by the local clerk's office indicating whether the sponsors will gather signatures manually, electronically, or both.

243 (3) After a candidate files a notice of intent to gather signatures to qualify for a ballot, and before gathering signatures, the candidate shall, after consulting with the election officer, sign a form provided by the election officer indicating whether the candidate will gather signatures manually, electronically, or both.

247 (4) To gather a signature electronically, a signature-gatherer shall:

248 (a) use a device provided by the signature-gatherer or a sponsor of the petition that:

249 (i) is approved by the lieutenant governor;

250 (ii) is capable of uploading to the system the personal identifying information relating to an individual who signs the petition;

252 [(ii)] (iii) except as provided in [Subsection (4)(a)(iii), does not store a signature or any other information relating to an individual signing the petition in any location other than the location used by the website to store the information] Subsections (4)(a)(iv) and (v), does not, on the device, store the information described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii);

257 [(iii)] (iv) beginning on January 1, 2028, is capable of operating offline by temporarily storing, on the device, the information described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) that would otherwise be uploaded in real time to the system;

260 (v) [does not, on the device, store a signature or any other information relating to an individual signing the petition except for the minimum time necessary to upload information to the website] when connected to a wireless communication technology, does not, on the device, retain the information described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) for longer than is necessary to upload the information to the system;

265 [(iv)] (vi) is capable of scanning, reading, and extracting to the device:

266 (A) the driver license number from a driver license;

267 (B) the state identification card number from a state identification card; or

268 (C) an image of another form of valid voter identification;

269 (vii) [does not contain any applications, software, or data other than those approved by the lieutenant governor] complies with device configuration and security requirements established by the

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lieutenant governor to prevent unauthorized access or interference with the electronic signature-gathering process; and

271 [v) (viii) complies with cyber-security and other security protocols required by the lieutenant
governor follows cyber-security and other security procedures required by the lieutenant governor
for the operation, monitoring, and maintenance of the system;

273 (b) use the approved device to securely access [a website] the system designated by the lieutenant governor, directly, or via an application designated by the lieutenant governor; and

276 (c) while connected to the [website] system, present the approved device to an individual considering signing the petition and, while the signature-gatherer is in the physical presence of the individual:

279 (i) wait for the individual to reach each screen presented to the individual on the approved device; and

281 (ii) wait for the individual to advance to each subsequent screen by clicking on the acknowledgement at the bottom of the screen.

283 (5) Each screen shown on an approved device as part of the signature-gathering process shall appear as a continuous electronic document that, if the entire document does not appear on the screen at once, requires the individual viewing the screen to, before advancing to the next screen, scroll through the document until the individual reaches the end of the document.

288 (6) After advancing through each screen required for the petition, the signature process shall proceed as follows:

290 (a) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b):

291 (i) the individual desiring to sign the petition shall present the individual's driver license or state identification card to the signature-gatherer;

293 (ii) the signature-gatherer shall verify that the individual pictured on the driver license or state identification card is the individual signing the petition;

295 (iii) the signature-gatherer shall scan [or enter] the driver license number or state identification card number through the approved device; and

297 (iv) immediately after the signature-gatherer complies with Subsection (6)(a)(iii), the [website] system shall determine whether the individual desiring to sign the petition is eligible to sign the petition;

300 (b) if the individual desiring to sign the petition is unable to provide a driver license or state identification card to the signature gatherer:

302 (i) the individual may present other valid voter identification;

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- (ii) if the valid voter identification contains a picture of the individual, the signature-gatherer shall verify that the individual pictured is the individual signing the petition;
- (iii) if the valid voter identification does not contain a picture of the individual, the signature-gatherer shall, to the extent reasonably practicable, use the individual's address or other available means to determine whether the identification relates to the individual presenting the identification;
- (iv) the signature-gatherer shall scan an image of the valid voter identification and immediately upload the image to the [website] system; and
- (v) the individual:
 - (A) shall enter the individual's address; and
 - (B) may, at the discretion of the individual, enter the individual's date of birth or age after the individual clicks on the screen acknowledging that they have read and understand the following statement, "Birth date or age information is not required, but may be used to verify your identity with voter registration records. If you choose not to provide it, your signature may not be verified as a valid signature if you change your address before your signature is verified or if the information you provide does not match your voter registration records."; and
- (c) after completing the process described in Subsection (6)(a) or (b), the screen shall:
 - (i) except for a petition to qualify a candidate for the ballot, give the individual signing the petition the opportunity to enter the individual's email address after the individual reads the following statement, "If you provide your email address, you may receive an email with additional information relating to the petition you are signing."; and
 - (ii)
 - (A) if the [website] system determines, under Subsection (6)(a)(iv), that the individual is eligible to sign the petition, permit the individual to enter the individual's name as the individual's electronic signature and, immediately after the signature-gatherer timely complies with Subsection (10), certify the signature; or
 - (B) if the individual provides valid voter identification under Subsection (6)(b), permit the individual to enter the individual's name as the individual's electronic signature.
- (7) If an individual provides valid voter identification under Subsection (6)(b), the county clerk shall, within seven calendar days after the day on which the individual submits the valid voter identification, certify the signature if:
 - (a) the individual is eligible to sign the petition;

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340 (b) the identification provided matches the information on file; and
341 (c) the signature-gatherer timely complies with Subsection (10).
342 (8) For each signature submitted under this section, the [website] system shall record:
343 (a) the information identifying the individual who signs;
344 (b) the date the signature was collected; and
345 (c) the name of the signature-gatherer.
346 (9) An individual who is a signature-gatherer may not sign a petition unless another individual acts as
the signature-gatherer when the individual signs the petition.
348 (10) Except for a petition for a candidate to seek the nomination of a registered political party, each
individual who gathers a signature under this section shall, within one business day after the day on
which the individual gathers a signature, electronically sign and submit the following statement to
the [website] system:

352 "VERIFICATION OF SIGNATURE-GATHERER

353 State of Utah, County of _____

354 I, _____, of _____, hereby state, under penalty of perjury, that:

355 I am at least 18 years old;

356 All the signatures that I collected on [Date signatures were gathered] were signed by individuals
who professed to be the individuals whose signatures I gathered, and each of the individuals signed
the petition in my presence;

359 I did not knowingly make a misrepresentation of fact concerning the law or proposed law to
which the petition relates;

361 I believe that each individual has signed the individual's name and written the individual's
residence correctly, that each signer has read and understands the law to which the petition relates,
and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah;

364 Each signature correctly reflects the date on which the individual signed the petition; and

365 I have not paid or given anything of value to any individual who signed this petition to
encourage that individual to sign it."

367 (11) Except for a petition for a candidate to seek the nomination of a registered political party:
369 (a) the county clerk may not certify a signature that is not timely verified in accordance with Subsection
(10); and

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(b) if a signature certified by a county clerk under Subsection (6)(c)(ii)(A) is not timely verified in accordance with Subsection (10), the county clerk shall:

373 (i) revoke the certification;

374 (ii) remove the signature from the posting described in Subsection 20A-7-217(4), 20A-7-315(4),
20A-7-516(4), or 20A-7-616(4); and

376 (iii) update the totals described in Subsections 20A-7-217(5)(a)(ii), 20A-7-315(5)(a)(ii), 20A-7-516(5)
(a)(ii), and 20A-7-616(5)(a)(ii).

378 (12) For a petition for a candidate to seek the nomination of a registered political party, each individual who gathers a signature under this section shall, within one business day after the day on which the individual gathers a signature, electronically sign and submit the following statement to the lieutenant governor in the manner specified by the lieutenant governor:

382 "VERIFICATION OF SIGNATURE-GATHERER

383 State of Utah, County of _____

384 I, _____, of _____, hereby state that:

385 I am at least 18 years old;

386 All the signatures that I collected on [Date signatures were gathered] were signed by individuals who professed to be the individuals whose signatures I gathered, and each of the individuals signed the petition in my presence;

389 I believe that each individual has signed the individual's name and written the individual's residence correctly and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah; and

391 Each signature correctly reflects the date on which the individual signed the petition."

392 (13) For a petition for a candidate to seek the nomination of a registered political party, the election officer may not certify a signature that is not timely verified in accordance with Subsection (12).

411 (14) The lieutenant governor shall submit a report regarding electronic signature gathering to the Government Operations Interim Committee:

413 (a) no later than October 1, 2026; and

414 (b) annually thereafter, no later than October 1 of each year, through and including October 1, 2029.

416 (15) Each report described in Subsection (14) shall include:

417 (a) for the most recent primary election cycle, the number of candidates for elective office who used manual signature gathering, electronic signature gathering, or both methods;

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(b) for each statewide initiative or referendum for which signatures were gathered during the most recent reporting year, the number of petitions in which manual signature gathering was used, electronic signature gathering was used, or both methods were used;

(c) a summary of any security threats or vulnerabilities identified by the lieutenant governor relating to electronic signature gathering, including a description of mitigation steps taken, if any;

(d) a description of any technical issues or operational difficulties encountered in the electronic signature gathering process that may require legislative, administrative, or technological remedies;

(e) information relating to the accuracy and reliability of electronic signature verification, including the rate at which electronically gathered signatures were accepted or rejected;

(f) any fiscal or administrative impacts on the Office of the Lieutenant Governor or the office of an election officer related to electronic signature gathering; and

(g) any other information the lieutenant governor determines relevant to evaluating the transition from manual to electronic signature gathering.

Section 8. Section 8 is enacted to read:

20A-21-202. Electronic signature gathering -- Exclusive method of collecting signatures.

(1) Beginning on January 1, 2030, the sponsors of a statewide or local initiative petition:

(a) shall gather signatures using the electronic initiative process; and

(b) may not gather signatures manually.

(2) Beginning on January 1, 2030, the sponsors or a statewide or local referendum petition:

(a) shall gather signatures using the electronic referendum process; and

(b) may not gather signatures manually.

(3) Beginning on January 1, 2030, an individual who gathers signatures for a candidate nomination petition:

(a) shall gather signatures using the electronic candidate qualification process; and

(b) may not gather signatures using the manual candidate qualification process.

Section 9. Section 63I-1-220 is amended to read:

63I-1-220. Repeal dates: Title 20A.

(1) [—Reserved.] Section 20A-7-105, Manual petition processes -- Obtaining signatures -- Verification -- Submitting the petition -- Certification of signatures -- Transfer to lieutenant governor -- Removal of signature, is repealed January 1, 2030.

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(2) Section 20A-7-203, Manual initiative process -- Form of initiative petition and signature sheets, is repealed January 1, 2030.

415 (3) Section 20A-7-204, Manual initiative process -- Circulation requirements -- Lieutenant governor to provide sponsors with materials, is repealed January 1, 2030.

417 (4) Section 20A-7-303, Manual referendum process -- Form of referendum petition and signature sheets, is repealed January 1, 2030.

419 (5) Section 20A-7-304, Manual referendum process -- Circulation requirements -- Lieutenant governor to provide sponsors with materials, is repealed January 1, 2030.

421 (6) Section 20A-7-503, Manual initiative process -- Form of initiative petition and signature sheet, is repealed January 1, 2030.

423 (7) Section 20A-7-504, Manual initiative process -- Circulation requirements -- Local clerk to provide sponsors with materials, is repealed January 1, 2030.

425 (8) Section 20A-7-603, Manual referendum process -- Form of referendum petition and signature sheet, is repealed January 1, 2030.

427 (9) Section 20A-7-604, Manual referendum process -- Circulation requirements -- Local clerk to provide sponsors with materials, is repealed January 1, 2030.

429 (10) Subsection 20A-9-405(3), regarding the manual candidate nomination process, is repealed January 1, 2030.

431 (11) Subsection 20A-9-405(5), regarding the manual candidate nomination process, is repealed January 1, 2030.

433 (12) Subsection 20A-9-408(9), regarding the manual candidate nomination process, is repealed January 1, 2030.

435 (13) Section 20A-9-408.3, Submission of candidate signature packet -- Requirements for submission -- Signature packet chain of custody and storage, is repealed January 1, 2030.

479 Section 10. **Effective date.**

Effective Date.

This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.

481 Section 11. **Coordinating H.B. 223 with H.B. 32.**

If H.B. 223, Electronic Signature Collection Amendments, and H.B. 32, Signature Gathering and Verification Amendments, both pass and become law, the Legislature intends that, on May 6, 2026, Subsection 20A-21-201(10), enacted in H.B. 32, be amended to read:

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"(10) Except for a petition for a candidate to seek the nomination of a registered political party, each individual who gathers a signature under this section shall, within one business day after the day on which the individual gathers a signature, electronically sign and submit the circulator verification sheet described in Subsection 20A-1-1004(1) to the system."

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